

Supplementary Fig. S1. CD4+ T cell differentiation of HC-PBMCs measured by flow cytometry under T cell proliferation condition. PB-MCs were obtained from a total 7 HC patients, and PBMCs (1×10^6) was cultured in anti-CD3 antibody (1 $\mu\text{g/mL})$ preincubated plate. Then, anti-CD28 (1 $\mu g/mL)$ with 0, 10, 50, 100 ng/mLof IL-18BP were added, then cultured for 72 hrs. Then percentage of (A) CD4+ IL-17A+, (B) CD4+ IL-4⁺, (C) CD4⁺ CD25^{high} Foxp3⁺, and (D) CD4⁺ IFN- γ^{+} T cell were measured by flow cytometry. **p*<0.05, ***p*<0.01, ****p*<0.001, ****p*<0.0001.







10

Ν

50

IL-18BP

anti-CD3 + anti-CD28

100

8.0

7.5



Supplementary Fig. S2. Levels of interleukin (IL)-17A, IL-6, TNF-α, IL-1β, and IFN-γ in culture media of HC-PBMC culture under T cell proliferative condition. Culture media of RA-PBMCs was obtained, then ELISA was performed to measure the levels of various cytokines (IL-17A, IL-6, TNF-a, IL-1β, and IFN-γ). ****p*<0.0001.



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Supplementary Fig. S3. Levels of interleukin (IL)-17A, IL-6, TNF-a, IL-1β, and IFN-γ in culture media of CD4+ cells derived from RApatients culture under T cell proliferative condition. CD4+ cells were obtained from a total 5 RA patients, and CD4⁺ cells (1×10^6) was cultured in anti-CD3 antibody (1 µg/mL) preincubated plate. Then, anti-CD28 (1 µg/mL) with 0, 10, 50, 100 ng/mL of IL-18BP were added, then cultured for 72 hrs. Culture media of RA-CD4+ cells were obtained, then ELISA was performed to measure the levels of various cytokines (IL-17A, IL-6, TNF- α , IL-1 β , and IFN- γ). **p*<0.05, *****p*<0.001.





Supplementary Fig. S4. Levels of interleukin (IL)-17A, IL-6, $TNF-\alpha$, IL-1 β , and IFN- γ in culture media of CD14+ cells derived from RApatients culture under T cell proliferative condition. CD14+ cells were obtained from a total 5 RA patients, and CD14⁺ cells (1×10^6) was cultured in anti-CD3 antibody (1 µg/mL) preincubated plate. Then, anti-CD28 (1 µg/mL) with 0, 10, 50, 100 ng/mL of IL-18BP were added, then cultured for 72 hrs. Culture media of RA-CD14+ cells were obtained, then ELISA was performed to measure the levels of various cytokines (IL-17A, IL-6, TNF-α, IL-1β, and IFN-γ). p < 0.05, p < 0.001.

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Supplementary Fig. S5. Apoptosis and necroptosis of OA-FLS under various concentration of IL-18BP (0, 10, 50, 100 ng/mL). OA-FLS (1.5 \times 10⁵, n=5) was seeded in 12-well culture plate with TNF-a (30 ng/mL) with 0, 10, 50, 100 ng/ mL IL-18BP, then annexin V and propidium iodide (PI) were stained. To determine apoptosis and necroptosis, annexin V+ FLS, and PI+ annexin V FLS population were determined by flow cytometry. ***p*<0.01, ****p*<0.001, ****p*<0.0001.

Supplementary Fig. S6. Effects of IL-18BP on OA-chondrocyte cell death (apoptosis and necroptosis). OA-Chondrocyte $(1.5 \times 10^5, n=4)$ was plated in 12-well, and stimulated with 30 ng/ mL TNF-α, 5 µg/mL fibronectin fragment (FNf), and 0, 10, 50, 100 ng/mL IL-18BP for 72hrs. Then, the percentage of annexin V+ chondrocyte, and PI⁺ annexin V⁻ chondrocytes were measured by flow cytometry. *p<0.05, **p<0.01, ***p<0.001, ***p<0.0001.

Supplementary Table S1. Characteristics of enrolled patients with RA.

IL-18bp(ng/ml)

TNF-a (30ng/mL) + FN-f (5ug/mL)

	RA patients (n=9)
Age (years)	58.6 ± 12.0
Sex (female, %)	7 (77.8%)
Disease duration (years)	1.0 [0.5;6.0]
DAS28	4.9 ± 0.9
Rheumatoid factor positive (n)	8 (88.9%)
Anti CCP positive (n)	7 (77.8%)
ESR (mm/h)	44.3 ± 24.0
CRP (mg/dL)	2.1 ± 1.5
Medication (n)	
Tumour necrosis factor inhibitor	0
Methotrexate	8 (88.9%)
Leflunomide	0
Sulfasalazine	4 (44.4%)
Hydroxychloroquine	3 (33.3%)
Tacrolimus	0
Glucocorticoid (prednisolone dose, mg/day)	7.5 [5.0;10.0]

TNF-a (30ng/mL) + FN-f (5ug/mL)

Continuous values are presented as mean ± standard deviation or median with an interquartile range. Dichotomous variables are presented as numbers and percentage.

RA: rheumatoid arthritis; DAS28: disease activity score-28 joints; ESR: erythrocyte sedimentation rate; CRP: C-reactive protein.