

**Supplementary Table S1.** Comparison of gut microbiota abundance at the phylum level between rIMb and rHMb mice (%).

phylum	rIMb	rHMb	p
<i>Bacteroidetes</i>	47.78 (37.00~57.08)	53.70 (42.17~65.47)	0.293 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Firmicutes</i>	45.60 ± 11.97	34.61 ± 12.59	0.085 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Proteobacteria</i>	4.61 ± 3.97	5.78 ± 4.41	0.569 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Actinobacteria</i>	0.51 (0.39~1.24)	4.26 (1.43~6.34)	0.004 <sup>b</sup>
<i>TM7</i>	0.42 (0.17~1.00)	0.32 (0.01~0.77)	0.483 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Verrucomicrobia</i>	0.00 (0.00~0.02)	0.00 (0.00~0.02)	0.625 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Deferribacteres</i>	0.01 (0.00~0.08)	0.02 (0.00~0.13)	0.860 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Cyanobacteria</i>	0.03 ± 0.03	0.04 ± 0.02	0.693 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Tenericutes</i>	0.03 ± 0.03	0.02 ± 0.03	0.563 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Spirochaetes</i>	0.00 (0.00~0.00)	0.00 (0.00~0.00)	0.945 <sup>b</sup>

a indicates that the statistical method used is the independent-samples t test; b indicates that the statistical method used is the Mann-Whitney U test. Significance was accepted at  $p<0.05$ .

IMb: IgAV microbiota; HMb: healthy microbiota; rIMb: recipient of IgAV microbiota; rHMb: recipient of healthy microbiota.

**Supplementary Table S2.** Comparison of gut microbiota abundance at the family level between rIMb and rHMb mice (%).

family	rIMb	rHMb	p
<i>S24-7</i>	40.77 ± 7.54	46.04 ± 11.27	0.242 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Lactobacillaceae</i>	36.99 ± 15.88	22.53 ± 12.47	0.067 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Helicobacteraceae</i>	2.25 (0.37~6.27)	2.95 (1.13~5.22)	0.599 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Lachnospiraceae</i>	1.05 (0.49~2.56)	1.69 (1.01~6.17)	0.430 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Rikenellaceae</i>	1.88 ± 1.52	2.71 ± 1.90	0.322 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Coriobacteriaceae</i>	0.41 (0.30~0.56)	2.71 (1.33~4.95)	0.001 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Prevotellaceae</i>	0.79 (0.61~2.21)	0.94 (0.47~1.94)	0.661 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Erysipelotrichaceae</i>	0.18 (0.08~0.31)	0.74 (0.30~7.28)	0.054 <sup>b</sup>
[ <i>Paraprevotellaceae</i> ]	0.61 (0.14~0.86)	1.68 (0.41~3.39)	0.079 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Ruminococcaceae</i>	0.81 (0.43~1.88)	1.38 (0.80~2.10)	0.335 <sup>b</sup>

a indicates that the statistical method used is the independent-samples t test; b indicates that the statistical method used is the Mann-Whitney U test. Significance was accepted at  $p<0.05$ .

IMb: IgAV microbiota; HMb: healthy microbiota; rIMb: recipient of IgAV microbiota; rHMb: recipient of healthy microbiota.

**Supplementary Table S3.** Comparison of gut microbiota abundance at the genus level between rIMb and rHMb mice (%).

genus	rIMb	rHMb	p
<i>Lactobacillus</i>	36.45 ± 15.71	22.43 ± 12.43	0.072 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Flexispira</i>	0.75 (0.08~5.12)	1.87 (0.05~2.79)	0.599 <sup>b</sup>
[ <i>Prevotella</i> ]	0.59 (0.10~0.85)	1.66 (0.37~3.36)	0.096 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Allobaculum</i>	0.02 (0.00~0.12)	0.03 (0.02~7.21)	0.188 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Desulfovibrio</i>	0.39 (0.25~0.74)	0.83 (0.21~3.78)	0.726 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Adlercreutzia</i>	0.38 (0.25~0.53)	1.37 (1.00~3.92)	0.001 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Prevotella</i>	0.53 (0.24~1.73)	0.61 (0.34~1.31)	0.861 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Helicobacter</i>	0.32 (0.12~0.54)	0.33 (0.14~4.02)	0.483 <sup>b</sup>
<i>Bacteroides</i>	0.76 ± 0.61	0.71 ± 0.41	0.856 <sup>a</sup>
<i>Odoribacter</i>	0.54 (0.24~0.70)	0.61 (0.23~1.18)	0.661 <sup>b</sup>

a indicates that the statistical method used is the independent-samples t test; b indicates that the statistical method used is the Mann-Whitney U test. Significance was accepted at  $p<0.05$ .

IMb: IgAV microbiota; HMb: healthy microbiota; rIMb: recipient of IgAV microbiota; rHMb: recipient of healthy microbiota.